

The Daily Gazette.

City of Janesville.

Tuesday Evening, Aug. 23, 1860.

Official Paper of the City.

Republican Nominations.

For President,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,
HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
OF MAINE.

Republican Presidential Electors.
AT LARGE:
WALTER D. MCINTOSH, of Marathon;
EDWARD RIXFORD, of Winnebago.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
W. W. Vaughan, of Racine.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
J. Allen Barber, of Grant.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
H. Lindeman, of Jefferson.

FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
LUTHER HANCHETT,
OF PORTLAND COUNTY.

Douglas vs. Douglas and the Missouri Compromise.

From Douglas' Speech in Springfield, Ill., 1850.

The Missouri Compromise had its origin in the hearts of all patriotic men who desired to preserve and perpetuate the blessings of our glorious Union—on origin which is so dear to the hearts of the people of the United States, and which is the spirit of fraternal affection, and calculated to remove forever the only danger which threatened the Union.

From Douglas' Speech at Springfield, Aug. 3, 1850.

My friend over there—friend or enemy, as the case may be—wants to know something about the Missouri Compromise. (Cheers.) I have not the slightest objection to telling him all I desire to know upon that question. I BROUGHT IN THIS BILL TO REPEAL THE MISSOURI RESTRICTION.

How Non-Intervention Works.

"I believe that it is the right of the south to demand and the duty of congress to extend, protection of persons and property of every kind (including slaves) in the territories during their territorial state."—*St. Louis Globe Democrat.*

From Douglas' Speech in the Senate, May 16, 1850.

"It is a part of the history of the country that under this doctrine of non-intervention, this doctrine that you have introduced and protected slavery in the whole of this country, and under this doctrine you have converted a tract of free territory into slave territory, more than five times the size of the state of New York."

Synopsis of Late News.

The following are the principal items of news by last night's dispatches:—

There are two arrivals from Europe, bringing Liverpool dates of the 16th. The Pope has written a very melancholy letter to the Cardinal in France. He looks upon all as lost, but declares he will quit Rome on no condition. Lebanon has been surrendered with troops by Pasha, and threatens the Druses with the sword if they do not surrender in two days. Twenty Shiels had already been taken, and nearly 800 other arrests had been made. A thousand camels laden with plunder had also been recovered. The Sultan declares his intention to punish the Syrian offenders most severely. There is no change of the weather for the better in England. There is a further decline in English funds. American securities show great firmness, owing to the anticipation of an active business in breadstuffs. Political distrust prevails in Paris on the Syrian and Italian questions. It is believed that Garibaldi intends to attack Austria, not on the Venetian but on the Croatian coast. The Austrian authorities believe that he will first endeavor to provoke a revolution in Croatia and Hungary before proceeding to Venice.

Denverites to the 21st: There is a good prospect of extending the telegraph from Fort Kearney to Denver. The car of the new silver mine assays from \$200 to \$1700 the ton. Slight fall of snow at Gregory's diggings; from \$20,000 to \$50,000 in dust is leaving per week. There is an increase of success in separating the gold.

Mr. Douglas has arrived in Petersburg, Va., where he was received by 3,000 or 4,000 people. A salute of 100 guns was fired.

SEWARD'S APPOINTMENTS.—Senator Seward is announced to speak three times in Michigan, viz: at Detroit, Sept. 4; at Lansing, Sept. 6; and at Kalamazoo, Sept. 8. He will be assisted Senator Wade of Ohio, and Gov. Bingham of Michigan.—Immense meetings are anticipated at each place. Mr. Seward's next appointment is at Madison, in this state, Sept. 12. From thence he goes to St. Paul. He will speak in Chicago on his return from Minnesota.

FOREIGN DEMAND FOR BREADSTUFFS.—The exports from New York induced a liberal demand for our breadstuffs. The weather in England has been unfavorable during the whole season, and at the date of the sailing of the last steamer it still continued so. It is now too late for a sufficient improvement to make up for the damage which has been done, hence the firmness of the English market. It is, however, said that in southern Russia the crops are very abundant, and the usual surplus will doubtless be received from that region. But war is lowering upon the horizon of Europe; and if Austria advances to the support of Naples, a general conflict among European nations is apprehended. This produces a speculative demand for breadstuffs, which may continue for some months. We look for good prices for American wheat and flour.

A republican association is holding large and enthusiastic meetings in Washington City. Mr. Dodge, an editor from Minnesota, spoke at one of the meetings, in an able and highly interesting manner. So says the Star of that city. It is not long since they mobbed republican meetings in sight of the capitol. The cause progresses in the south. We have also cheering accounts from Baltimore of the change in public sentiment towards republicanism.—When Old Abe takes his seat on the 4th of March, the political atmosphere about Washington will be cleared of its fanaticism.

REMARKABLE AND ASTOUNDING DEVELOPMENTS!

An Innocent Man Hung by a Mob at Janesville, in 1855—Maberry not a Murderer!—The Wrong Rascal Caught!—"Lant" McComb the Murderer of Alger.

Recent developments lead to the belief that Maberry, who was hung at Janesville, July 12th, 1855, by a mob, was not a murderer. Investigation is on foot that doubtless will bring the facts to light. The following is the history of that transaction, as gathered from our files, for 1855:

June 18th, of that year, McComb, who lived near Rockford, arrived at Janesville and told the public that Alger had been murdered, that Maberry had killed him, and that they had Maberry under arrest at Rockford. He led the search himself to the scene of the murder, and walked to within fifteen rods of the place where the body lay—being at the time, as he said, a perfect stranger there. He accounted for his knowledge of the murder, by saying that Maberry had divulged it to him at his father's house in a state of intoxication.

Maberry was conveyed to Janesville. On the 12th of July following, he was tried, Judge Doolittle presiding. He was convicted of murder—the only evidence of any account against him, being the statements of the McCombs as to his confession to them, previous to his arrest. After he was sentenced, he was being taken from the court house to the jail, when a body of unknown men surrounded him—a slipping noose was hastily thrown over his neck, and many men having hold of the rope he was suddenly jerked from the midst of the sheriff's party, by the neck—was hauled in the same way through the streets of the town, and was then hung to a tree—he protesting his innocence to the last.

All the probabilities and the evidence so far as it can now be gathered, point to "Lant" McComb as the murderer of Alger, and to the fact that Maberry was innocent of the charge upon which he met his tragic fate.

A reward of \$1,500 is offered for McComb's arrest. Nothing has been heard of him since he murdered Laura J. Harvey and young Lawrence, her paramour, at Ottumwa, Iowa. He is undoubtedly the bloodiest criminal now in the world. His known offenses are sufficiently numerous to entitle him to this distinction, and how many other dark and undiscovered crimes he has committed may never be told—how many of the women who have been violated and murdered, and of the men whose "mysterious disappearance" has alarmed the neighborhood, and furnished newspaper paragraphs for a few months—were the victims of his lust or avarice.—*Madison Argus.*

The assertion in the above article that "the only evidence of any account against him, (Maberry) being the statements of the McCombs as to his confession to them, previous to his arrest," is very extraordinary, and must have been made by one who knew little or nothing of the testimony on the trial. We will recapitulate the points of testimony against Maberry, independent of that of the McCombs: Maberry was seen waiting upon the road where Alger was to pass, on the day of the murder and near the place where the murder was committed. Alger was seen soon after, by the same witness, on the road with a horse and buggy, and within twenty-four hours afterwards Maberry was found with the horse and buggy of Alger, on the premises of McComb, in Winnebago county, Illinois; he was also seen between Beloit and Rockford with the horse and buggy; upon searching his pockets there were found the papers and wallets of Alger in Maberry's possession, and \$535 in gold, which was near the amount which Alger was known to have. Maberry gave a false account of the money in his possession; that he had earned it, &c. The knife of Alger, identified by his son, was found in Maberry's pocket. When Maberry left Beloit he had on a black hat, and the next day he wore a white one, which was identified as that worn by Alger when he left Beloit for his home in Jefferson.—Maberry was identified as having bought clothing in this city on the day of the murder, and enquired for a hatchet at one of our hardware stores. The hatchet with which the murder was committed resembled those in the store where the inquiry was made. Maberry when here, on the day the murder was committed, gave a false account of himself; said that he lived in Milton and was going there.

It is not necessary to give further particulars of the testimony, which are very voluminous and minute. Maberry had a fair trial, was ably defended, and there never has been a doubt, in this community, so far as we know, that he was guilty of the murder of Alger.

The Argus says in its statement that McComb (meaning "Lant" McComb) led in the search for the body of Alger. Now "Lant" McComb was not here at the time and did not testify in the case. His father and two brothers were here at the trial, and we believe the old man McComb was with the party which found the body.

We have never had a doubt that "Lant" McComb and Maberry belonged to a gang of desperadoes which infests this region, engaged in robbery and horse stealing; but the theory that "Lant" McComb was the murderer of Alger, and that Maberry was an innocent man, is not sustained by a particle of proof. Throwing out of the case entirely the testimony of the McCombs and his own confession, there can be no reasonable doubt that Maberry was guilty of the crime charged against him. The circumstantial proof is of the strongest character—there is not a link wanting in the chain to fasten the crime upon him. Five years have passed away since the terrible tragedy occurred, and the convictions of the community are as strong to-day of the guilt of Maberry as they were at the time of his execution. If the Argus can give no better foundation than it has for its sensation article, it had better have been silent.

Arrangements have been made to form a Wide Awake club in Washington city. In Virginia also our party continues to gain ground.

Remember that Cassius M. Clay speaks at Woodstock next Friday. The Chicago and Northwestern railway carries for half fare from this city.

THE HOG TRADE AT ST. LOUIS.—A lot of 6,000 hogs have been bought at \$6 net, deliverable in November and December, at average 20 lbs. Stock hogs have been sold at \$2.50 to \$4 gross, for fattening.—Large numbers of hogs will be driven from the south, on account of the drought, and fattened in the corn fields of Iowa and Illinois.

When PARSON BROWNLOW will join Gen. DEXTER.—An Arkansas correspondent, who probably wanted to "wake up" Rev. Mr. Brownlow, of the Knoxville (Tenn.) Whig, wrote to the latter stating that he had learned with pleasure upon what "he considered reliable authority," that Mr. Brownlow was about to join the democrats, and asked for the probable date of that interesting occurrence. Mr. Brownlow, gave the date, or at least data for the date, as follows:

"KNOXVILLE, August 6, 1860.

"Mr. JORDAN CLARK:—I have your letter of the 30th ult., and hasten to let you know the precise time when I expect to come out and formally announce that I have joined the democratic party. When the sun shines at midnight, and the moon at mid-day—when man forgets to be selfish, or democrats lose their inclinations to steal—when nature stops her onward march to rest, and all the water courses in America flow up stream—when flowers lose their odor and trees shed no leaves—when birds talk, and beasts of burden laugh—when damed spirits swap hell for heaven, with the angels of light, and pay them the boot in mean whisky—when impossibilities are in fashion, and no proposition is too absurd to be believed, you may credit the report that I have joined the democrats.

"I join the democrats! Never, so long as there are sects in churches, weeds in families, fleas in dogs, rats in cellars, disputes in societies, wars with nations, water in the ocean, bad men in America, or base women in France. No, Jordan Clark, you may hope, you may congratulate, you may reason, you may sneer, but that cannot be. The thrones of the Old World; the court of the Universe, the governments of the world may all fall and crumble into ruin; the New World may commit the national suicide of dissolving this Union, but all this must occur before I join the democracy.

"I join the democracy! Jordan Clark, you know not what you say; when I join democracy, the pope of Rome will join the Methodist church; when Jordan Clark of Arkansas, is president of the republic of Great Britain, by universal suffrage of a contented people; when Queen Victoria consents to be divorced from Prince Albert by a court of law in Kansas; when congress obliges, by law, James Buchanan to resign his position as president, and to leave the capital at Washington for his residence; when Alexander of Russia, and Napoleon of France are elected senators in congress from New Mexico; when good men cease to go to heaven or bad men to hell; when this world is turned upside down; when proof is afforded, both clear and unquestionable, that there is no God; when men turn to ants, ants to elephants, I will change my political faith, and come out on the side of democracy!

"Supposing that this full and frank letter will enable you to write to me, I will come out a full grown democrat, and to communicate the same to all whom it may concern in Arkansas.

"I have the honor to be, &c.,
"W. G. BROWNLOW."

Among all the attractions which make the vicinity of Boston so desirable a place of residence, is, just of the present time, an anecdote, who was, at the latest accounts, roaming about the near village of Somerville. He was boarded and lodged for some time at the Museum of Natural History in Cambridge. Either the food or the sleeping arrangements were unsatisfactory to the constrictor, and he slipped out for a change of air. For six weeks he traveled incognito—perhaps made up his arrears of slumber; but the other day, two children were playing in a garden in Somerville, and there he came fairly upon them, hungrily yawning. Instead of being chased by his fellow, the elder girl seized her sister, and fled to the house. There she fainted, while the other gave the alarm. With trembling steps and quaking hearts, the family turned out in search of the reptile, and after some time the box was seen coming easily out of a rye field adjoining the garden. As soon as he saw the hostile party, he slunk beneath a neighboring barn, where he is still supposed to lie, inasmuch as there is a terrible rattling heard at intervals, and it is to indicate the fact that the serpent loves poultry, and that he has no conscientious scruples about helping himself to chickens, many of whom are missing. How to get him out is now a question of some importance to the people of the place. Meanwhile, it is probable that furnished houses can be procured at moderate prices in Somerville. The anecdote is thirteen feet long, and was notoriously bad tempered. A white adler escaped with him, and unless the greater has eaten the less, more snakes may yet be seen.

REMARKABLE RAILWAY DEFENTION.—The Lafayette Courier of Saturday says an interesting lady on her way home from Danville, Illinois, detained the morning train on the Great Western road in a remarkable manner. The Courier tells the story as follows:

She happened unfortunately to be the only female on the train, exhibited symptoms of distress soon after the cars started, and was evidently in great pain. The conductor, Mr. Patterson, volunteered a kindly inquiry as to the cause of her sudden illness, and overwhelmed with confusion she informed him that she was about to become a mother. Mr. Patterson then closed the car, and as there were no females on board save the unfortunate lady in question, he attended her in person. The crisis was not long delayed. The train was stopped, and messengers dispatched to the nearest house for assistance, but before any help could be obtained, a bouncing boy was added to the number of passengers. Dr. Patterson behaved with wonderful presence of mind, under the trying circumstances. The lady, for the first time as mother, displayed a degree of heroism no less remarkable than was lavished in her endearments of the "little darling," so unexpectedly introduced to daylight. The mother and child were carefully conveyed to the hospitable roof of a Mr. Snyder, about a half mile from the road, where they received every possible attention.

COMPETITION.—The Galena Advertiser says:

The agent for the Minnesota Packet Co., at St. Paul, after Monday, the 20th, will issue first class tickets from St. Paul to Chicago via Prairie du Chien or Dunleith, for \$6.50 or to Milwaukee via Prairie du Chien, for \$5.25. Freight contracts from St. Paul to Chicago or Milwaukee, Dunleith or Prairie du Chien, will be made at 45 cents per hundred pounds, let credit 10 cents for 2d class, 37 cents for 3d class, and 30 cents for 4th class.

This is the cheapest kind of traveling and freighting. The usual fare from St. Paul to Dunleith is \$5—but by this arrangement 50 cts. additional will take you through to Chicago.

The Hartford Courant gives the following information respecting Lincoln and Hamlin medals:

"The demand for the Lincoln and Hamlin medals made in Waterbury may be estimated when we state the fact that Davis, of this city, is making the portraits for one hundred medals, and while making eight thousand a day, is unable to furnish orders, as fast as wanted. In addition to this, another concern applied for 75,000 of the portraits, which, as they were wanted immediately, he was unable to supply, having the other contract on his hands. He takes forty on one plate, at one sitting."

Washington in a Storm.

From all accounts, when Gen. Washington was in a passion, it was a grand one, with just that sort of intensity that gives an idea of suppressed power; of a strength we do not quite see.

In the volume recently prepared by the executors of Richard R. Biddle's "Occasional Productions," we find an anecdote illustrating this. When in 1791, the officer arrived with dispatches announcing the defeat of St. Clair, Washington was at dinner. His secretary, therefore, left the table to receive them, but the messenger said his instructions were to deliver them to General Washington in person. The secretary returned, and Washington left the table to see the officer. On coming back, he made an apology for his absence, but said nothing of the business, and maintained his usual affability during the whole evening. At 10 o'clock the company had all gone, and Mrs. Washington retired, leaving only the General and his secretary, who describes the scene. Washington walked the floor for some minutes, and then sat down. But it was plain that he had been suppressing a strong emotion. Suddenly he broke out, "It's over St. Clair's defeat—ruined; the officers who killed the men by wholesale; the route complete—too shocking to think of—and a surprise into the bargain!" He uttered this with great vehemence—paused, got up and walked the room—then directly stopped short and broke out: "Yes—here on this very spot, I took leave of him; I wished him success and honor; you have your instructions, I said, 'from the secretary of war.' I had a strict eye on him, and will add, but one word—leave him of a surprise. I repeat it—leave him of a surprise; you know how Indians fight us. He went off with that as my last solemn warning thrown into his ears. And yet, to suffer that army to be cut to pieces, hacked, butchered, tomahawked, by a surprise—the very thing I guarded him against! O, God, O, God, he's worse than a murderer! How can he answer for it to his country? The blood of the slain is upon him—the curse of widows and orphans—the curse of Heaven!"

While making these exclamations, his frame shook, and he tossed his hands wildly. The tempest passed, and Washington seating himself, said in a calm voice, "This must not go beyond this room!" Another, and a longer pause, and he said in a lower tone, "Gen. St. Clair shall have justice—I will bear him without displeasure—he shall have full justice."

The New York Tribune has the following notice of the great rope walker:

Blondin called at this office yesterday, apparently none the worse for his recent roasting. He is a little, fair haired, very yellow, thin, little body, as bright as a new piece of tin, and altogether he looks like the Roman monk who knows no fear. On the 10th or 12th of September he will commence his exploits at Jones' Woods, walking a 2,000 feet rope, stretched from masts 200 feet above the ground. On the 20th inst., at the Falls, he will cross over his rope at 4 o'clock, with a woman on his back, and at 9 P. M. in a blaze of fire works. On the second of it, he will cross the Prince of Wales to the Cataract. Blondin will cross the rope on silts four feet high.

MARRIED.

At this city, Aug. 27th, by H. A. Patterson, Esq., Mr. WILLIAM H. SARGENT, and Miss CLARISSA F. BUNCKER, all of Janesville.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.

David H. Ziehl, against David Noggle, Moses S. Pichay, John C. Jenkins, Homer Dwyer, George J. Pichay, James Finney, Theodore Kendal, George Barnes, Morris G. Smith, & John Martin, John W. Barnes, John W. Allen, Jonathan Church, The Rock River Bank, Collins, C. P. Collins, Louis G. Hyde, The Ohio Bank, The Farmers and Merchants Bank, at St. Louis, Mo., Prosper A. Palmer, Samuel G. Ogden, J. K. Kirtland, A. W. Palmer, P. M. Myers, Wm. G. Boardman, James A. Gray, S. H. Smith, John W. Thomas, Stephen L. Shrigg, J. Lowrey, A. Lowrey, Harvey Curtis, William A. Lawrence, John W. Nelson, and Forsyth, defendants.

The State of Wisconsin to the above named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which was filed in the office of the clerk of the circuit court for Rock county, of the city of Janesville, in said county, and of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in said city of Janesville, within ninety days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer and comply within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Witness the Hon. David Noggle, judge of said court, (L. S.) this 24th day of August, A. D. 1860.

DAVID N. GLENN, Clerk.

CIRCUIT COURT—ROCK COUNTY.

Sineon Wheeler against Elizabeth Wheeler.

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J. H. REED & CO., Wholesale Druggists!

144 and 146, Lake Street, CHICAGO.

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Also, deal in Soap Makers and Tanners' Stock.

Also now receiving their

Fall Supply of Goods!

to which the attention of those buying at Wholesale is invited.

For Rent.

A MEDIUM sized dwelling situated at the north end of Locust street, near the 4th ward, St. Louis, Mo. Enquire of

WILLIAM MURKIN, Office over Central Bank.

LOST.—On Thursday, August 24, a Black Menace and a small black dog, both of which were taken to this office will confer a favor upon the owner.

W. A. TALE.

THE GENTLE, THE POLISHED, AND THE HUMANE.—The more rarely the republican candidate may have split, the less worthy candidate will be the polished and the humane.

Boston Courier.

The sympathies of the Boston Courier are with the slaveholders, against the working classes—with the refined consumers, against the coarse producers. It is time for words to be used with meaning. Democracy in this country has come to mean slaveholding and slave-supporting. If gentility, polish and humanity have already undergone the same perversion, let us know it—by all means let us know it. If a man is to be thought less worthy of the gentle, the polished and the humane," in proportion as he has been obliged to elevate himself by his own productive industry, preach it—the louder, the better. Let us know as soon as possible, who and how many think so. It may aid us in finding out what is best to do about it. Some of us who have not voted at all for many years, may possibly be brought into trying temptations by such means.

O. S. MURRAY.

Foster's Crossings, O., Aug. 10.

N. Y. Tribune.

John B. Gough has arrived at Boston from England.

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The sympathies of the Boston Courier are with the slaveholders, against the working classes—with the refined consumers, against the coarse producers. It is time for words to be used with meaning. Democracy in this country has come to mean slaveholding and slave-supporting. If gentility, polish and humanity have already undergone the same perversion, let us know it—by all means let us know it. If a man is to be thought less worthy of the gentle, the polished and the humane," in proportion as he has been obliged to elevate himself by his own productive industry, preach it—the louder, the better. Let us know as soon as possible, who and how many think so. It may aid us in finding out what is best to do about it. Some of us who have not voted at all for many years, may possibly be brought into trying temptations by such means.

O. S. MURRAY.

Foster's Crossings, O., Aug. 10.

N. Y. Tribune.

John B. Gough has arrived at Boston from England.

Winter Wheat Flour!

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Temperance Meeting.

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LAKE FREIGHTS.—The Milwaukee Sentinel of yesterday says that freights are very unsettled, with a strong downward tendency. The highest figure paid was 15c for wheat to Buffalo in the beginning of the week. To-day vessels are offering freely at 12c to Buffalo and 18c to Oswego, but we have heard of no engagements. The rates on flour are 50c to Buffalo and 80c to Ogdensburg by water; \$1.09 by rail to New York, and \$1.15 to Boston, but they are liable to change at any time. To-day 500 bushels flour were contracted to Portland at 95c via D. M. Railway.

The price of grain will, this fall, depend very much upon the rate of freights on the lakes. It seems that within a few days it has declined, and this, in connection with a firm eastern market has caused an advance in prices of wheat.

RECEIPTS AT MILWAUKEE.—The receipts of wheat at Milwaukee last week were 155,091 bushels, against 55,985 the week previous. In 1859 it was, for the corresponding weeks, 50,284 and 14,016 bushels—quite a heavy increase.

REPUBLICAN MEETING AT AFTON.—There will be a republican meeting at Afton on Wednesday evening, the 29th of August. Messrs. Cassaday and Sloan will address the people. We understand that the Wide Awakes of this city have received an invitation, and we hope they will consent to attend. Republicans and others of the vicinity are invited to be present. We hope there will be a general turn-out.

Republican Club Meeting.

Mr. Jacob Coddington of Illinois, will address the republican club on FRIDAY EVENING, Aug. 31st at the Court Room. Mr. Coddington is one of the most effective speakers in the west, and is well and favorably known in this vicinity, and we bespeak for him a full house. Come one, come all, and listen to this able champion of freedom.

R. B. TREAT, Pres.

A. A. JACKSON, Sec'y.

A Card.

Payment of the Andrew Loan at Delavan, Wis., by the Phoenix Insurance Company of Hartford.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 28th, 1860. I take pleasure in stating that I have this day received from the Phoenix Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., through the agent in this city, the sum of \$100.00, being the full amount covered by policy issued by them to Mr. G. W. B. Andrews, to cover property of his situated in Delavan, Walworth county, Wisconsin, which property has since been totally destroyed by fire.

I cheerfully recommend the "Phoenix" to the patronage of this community, not only because its obligations to me have been fulfilled, but from the fact that I feel satisfied of the solvency and reliability of the institution, and I believe that in the adjustment and payment of losses, its officers are disposed to act fairly and impartially, looking alike to the interests of the insured and the insured, and dealing justly by both.

I am now a "Phoenix" policy holder, and I hope I may long continue to be one, being satisfied that in this well known company I shall always find reliable indemnity.

[Signature] EDWARD MILLER.

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While duty demands that men should insure their lives, it also demands that they should keep their money for investment at home. Confident that our success has been more rapid than that of the most "unprejudiced" of us would readily invest all our entire property in the office, southwest corner of Main and Wisconsin streets, and examine for themselves.

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april25lawt

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette, by

BUMP & GRAY,

GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

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POTATOES—plenty at 20¢ to 25¢ per bushel. BUTTER—rather scarce at 12¢ to 13¢.

EGGS—owing to a better supply have declined to 6¢ to 6¢ per dozen.

HIDES—Green, 5 to 5½¢; Dry, salted, 10¢; Dry, Mint, 12 to 13¢.

WHEAT—spring at 26¢, per 100 lbs. WHEAT—winter at 25¢, per 100 lbs. TURKEYS—fair.

WOOL—ranging at 25¢ to 30¢ per pound for common to best clips, with but very little coming forward.

Chicago Market.

Monday evening, August 27. The prices of wheat have advanced fully 10c per bushel. No. 1 spring 83½¢, No. 2, 80½¢. Flour in active demand at 42½¢ to 44½¢ for choice spring export. One flour at 19½¢ to 20¢. Barley in fair inquiry at 30¢ to 35¢ on track. Hightower a shade firmer.

Freights were quiet and firm. Several propellers and bulk vessels were engaged at 10c for corn and wheat to Buffalo, and 17c for wheat to Chicago.

Milwaukee Market.

Monday Afternoon, August 27. Market firm. No. 1 spring 80¢ to 81¢; No. 2, 77½¢; shelled, delivered; extra 94¢ to 95¢. Oats 20c on track, barley 61.

BOOTS & SHOES!

A New and Full Assortment, Just Received

—AT—

HEMMING & THOMAS.

If you want to buy your boots and shoes, call on H. & T., where you will find a full assortment of

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For Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Summer Complaints, Cholera Morbus, and Pains in the Stomach, &c.

Price, 25 CENTS.

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AMERICAN WATCHES,

Pure Silver Ware,

PEROSCOPIC GLASSES,

SILVER PLATED-WARE

AND

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JUST RECEIVED AT

S. C. Spaulding's Jewelry Store.

Particular attention paid to watch repairing. All clocks and jewelry repaired. Engraving done to order. jtdlawt

KEEP COOL!

Use G. C. Curtis' Ginger Syrup in ice water at home. Buy a good Thermometer, Buy a Bathing Sponge, Buy a Bottle of Water, Buy a Bottle of good Cologne, at the People's Drug Store. jtdlawt

Piano, who Wants?

THE subscriber has a very beautiful toned Piano/Forte at his residence on High Street, of Brown, Allen & Co. make, which he will sell for \$100.00, or will take in value, or \$100.00 less than such instruments are sold by dealers. It is fully warranted and will be sold at once. Call on J. C. GROVER, at his residence, 100 High Street, September 5th. sept25lawt

Money to Loan.

On farming lands. Apply to POTTER & WINANS, Office under the Central Bank, Janesville Wisconsin. 20wt

Messrs. Editors.—I desire through the columns of the Gazette to call the attention of the citizens of Janesville and Rock county to the following well known, reliable and prompt paying

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES,

Representing in the Aggregate

CASH ASSETS

to the amount of

\$3,175,000 00.

Its Success Unparalleled in the Annals of

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LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

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THE NEW YORK BARGAIN AND SALE.—The Baltimore Patriot, the Bell organ of Maryland, continues to expose day after day the infamous nature of the attempted fusion in New York, the exposures having a very disastrous effect upon the Bell interest in Maryland, especially as the country papers supporting Bell are generally taking the same view.

THE C. and T. TRUNK, New York Central, New York and Erie, Pennsylvania Central and Baltimore and Ohio railroads, have recently had a convention, in which they agree upon a reduction of free passes. No passes are to be issued for the purpose of influencing business upon the road, or to editors or reporters of newspapers, except to those who reside on the line of the road, and to them trip passes only will be granted. The various ticket offices in all the large cities are to be consolidated.

LAKE FREIGHTS.—The Milwaukee Sentinel of yesterday says that freights are very unsettled, with a strong downward tendency. The highest figure paid was 15c for wheat to Buffalo in the beginning of the week. To-day vessels are offering freely at 12c to Buffalo and 18c to Oswego, but we have heard of no engagements. The rates on flour are 50c to Buffalo and 80c to Ogdensburg by water; \$1.00 by rail to New York, and \$1.15 to Boston, but they are liable to change at any time. To-day 600 bbls flour were contracted to Portland at 95c via D. M. Railway.

THE PRICE OF GRAIN WILL, this fall, depend very much upon the rate of freights on the lakes. It seems that within a few days it has declined, and this, in connection with a firm eastern market has caused an advance in prices of wheat.

RECEIPTS AT MILWAUKEE.—The receipts of wheat at Milwaukee last week were 165,091 bushels, against 55,985 the week previous. In 1859 it was, for the corresponding weeks, 50,284 and 14,016 bushels—quite a heavy increase.

REPUBLICAN MEETING AT AFON.—There will be a republican meeting at Afon on Wednesday evening, the 20th of August. Messrs. Cassaday and Sloan will address the people. We understand that the Wide Awake of this city have received an invitation, and we hope they will consent to attend. Republicans and others of the vicinity are invited to be present. We hope there will be a general turn-out.

Republican Club Meeting.

Mr. John Coddington of Illinois, will address the republican club on FRIDAY EVENING, Aug. 31st at the Court Room. Mr. Coddington is one of the most effective speakers in the west, and is well and favorably known in this vicinity, and we speak for him a full house. Come one, come all, and listen to this able champion of freedom.

R. B. TREAT, Pres't.

A. A. JACKSON, Sec'y.

A CARD.

Payment of the Andros loss at Delmar, Wis., by the Phoenix Insurance Company of Hartford.

Delmar, Wis., July 28th, 1860.

I take pleasure in stating that I have this day received from the Phoenix Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., through the agent in this city, the sum of \$70,000, being the full amount covered by policy issued by them to Mr. G. W. Andrews, to cover property of his situated in Delmar, Walworth county, Wisconsin, which property has since been totally destroyed by fire.

I cheerfully recommend the "Phoenix" to the patronage of this community, not only because its obligations to me have been fully met, but because the fact that I feel satisfied of the solvency and reliability of the institution, and I believe that in the adjustment and payment of losses, its officers are disposed to act fairly and impartially, looking alike to the interests of the insured and the insurer, and dealing fairly by both.

I am, Sir, a "Phoenix" policy holder, and I hope I may long continue to be one, being satisfied that in this well known company I shall always find reliable indemnity.

(signed) EDWARD MILLER.

Life Insurance.

Those desiring this safe and cheap protection for their families, can secure it in our Wisconsin company. It is a simple business, in reality, a state institution, having agents and patrons among the best business men in all the principal towns in the state. It is so long a matter of doubt that life insurance can be conducted as well in Wisconsin as in Connecticut or any other eastern state.

While duty demands that men should insure their lives, it also demands that they should keep their money for investment at home. Confident that our success has been more than equal to that of the most "unprecedented" we would cordially invite all our citizens to call at the office, southwest corner of Main and Wisconsin streets, and examine for themselves.

S. S. DAGGETT, President.

A. W. KELLON, Secretary.

Agents, Messrs. Hallow, produce dealers, and Cash, Geo. D. Briggs, will receive applications for insurance in this home company, and will also be happy to give information as to the conditions thereof, to any one desiring of being insured in Janesville.

COMMERCIAL.

Janesville Wholesale Market.

Reported for the Janesville Gazette, by

BUMP & GRAY.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, August 28, 1860.

Receipts of wheat were large to-day and prices, under favorable advices from the lake shore, advanced fully 3c per bushel on all grades. Early sales ranged at 70¢/bushel for common to choice samples, but about 11 o'clock, when despatches were received showing an excited market at the lake shore, buyers pitched in right and smart and 78¢/bushel was soon reached, and even 81c was paid in some cases for really choice samples. The market closed, however, less active, buyers seeming indisposed to pay more than 77¢/bushel for common to best lots. About 6000 bushels changed hands at the above figures.

We make up prices as follows:

WHEAT—white winter Traffic, good to choice milling spring 70¢/bushel; common to fair shipping 70¢/bushel.

OATS—wanted at 15¢/bushel.

CORN—shelled at 25¢/bushel per 50 lbs. Bar 24¢/bushel per 70 lbs.

RYE—in fair request at 37¢/bushel per 60 lbs.

BAKLEY—range from 25¢/bushel per 50 lbs, for common to fair.

WHEAT—plenty at 20¢/bushel per bushel.

BUTTER—rather scarce at 25¢/bushel.

EGGS—owing to a better supply have declined to 56¢ per dozen.

MILK—Green, 6 to 6½¢; Dry, sealed, 10¢; Dry, Blot, 12 to 13¢.

POULTRY—spring at 25¢, per 100 lbs.

POULTRY—spring at 25¢, per 100 lbs.

WOLF—range from 25¢/bushel per pound for common to best quality, but with very little counting forward.

Chicago Market.

Monday evening, August 27.

The price of wheat have advanced full 3c per bushel. No. 1 spring 82¢, No. 2, 80¢, No. 3, 78¢, No. 4, 76¢, No. 5, 74¢, No. 6, 72¢, No. 7, 70¢, No. 8, 68¢, No. 9, 66¢, No. 10, 64¢, No. 11, 62¢, No. 12, 60¢.

Outs finer at 10¢/bushel. Barley is in fair inquiry at 25¢/bushel on track. Highways a shade firmer.

Freights were quiet and firm. Several propellers and rail vessels were engaged, at 10c for corn and wheat to Buffalo, and 17c for wheat to Oswego.

Milwaukee Market.

Monday afternoon, August 27.

Market firm. No 1 spring 80¢/bushel in store No 2, 78¢; club 60¢/bushel, delivered; extra 61¢/bushel. Oats 20c on track. Barley 61.

BOOTS & SHOES!

A New and Full Assortment,

Just Received

—AT—

HEMING & THOMAS.

If you want to buy your boots and shoes, call on H. & T., where you will find a full assortment of

Boots and Shoes.

MEN'S GAITERS.

Ladies' Gaiters,

and the finest class of Goods that were brought to this market, which we will sell cheaper than any establishment in the city of Janesville or Rock county. Our terms are cash, and nothing else. Call and see for yourselves.

HEMING & THOMAS.

69, P. S.—Remember the place—West Milwaukee street, two doors west of the Big Mill. H. & T.

Treat's Celebrated Anodyne Cordial.

For Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Summer Complaints, Cholera, and all the diseases of the bowels.

Price, 25 Cents.

and at TAILMAN & COLLINS.

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Masses. Editors:—I desire through the columns of the Gazette to call the attention of the citizens of Janesville and Rock county to the following well known, reliable and prompt paying:

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES,

Representing in the Aggregate

CASH ASSETS

to the amount of

\$3,175,000 00.

Its Success Unparalleled in the Annals of

INSURANCE!

PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY

HARTFORD

CUNNINGHAM

and at TAILMAN & COLLINS.

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STATE OF WISCONSIN.
COURT FOR LOG & CO.

and the virtue of the ledger

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SHERRILL'S SNUIC.
STATE OF WISCONSIN.
TO COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.
First Peter Keylock, Plaintiff, vs.
John P. Sherrill, Defendant.

In pursuance of a judgment of a jury rendered in said court in the above entitled cause, the following property was sold and sold public auction to the said court in the city of Janesville, on the 24th day of APRIL, 1890,

the sum of \$100,000, the following goods, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment, interest and costs and expenses of said cause, the first sale in the city of Janesville, on the 24th day of April, 1890, to wit: Four (4) and twenty-six (26) in Smith, and thirty-four (34) in Jewell, and the sum of \$100,000, with the firm

YOU are hereby summoned and notified that the undersigned, who is duly qualified as a clerk of the court for Rock County, Wisconsin, is to sell at public auction, on the 24th day of April, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the property of the plaintiff in the above complaint on the subscription at said sale, in said county, within the following named enclosed circuit, to-wit: If you fail to answer, said complaint, aforesaid, the plaintiff in this case will request the court to order the sum of three hundred and thirty-three and three (3) and twenty-six (26) in Smith, and thirty-four (34) in Jewell, with interest thereon per annum from the date of said judgment, to be paid by you, and the costs of this action.

Witness the Hon. David Noyes, Clerk of the Court, this 17th day of July, A. D. 1890.

L. L. ALDEN, Attorney.

CIRCUIT COURT—ROCK COUNTY.

James H. Brown and Austin E. Brown, Plaintiffs, vs. The People of the County of Rock, Defendants.

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For Sale at this Office.